

Consistency

CS 272 Software Development

Motivation

# Thread 1: <code>x++;</code>	Thread 2: <code>x--;</code>
read value of <code>x</code>	read value of <code>x</code>
calculate <code>x + 1</code>	calculate <code>x - 1</code>
assign <code>x</code> to calculated result	assign <code>x</code> to calculated result



Motivation

#	Thread 1: <code>x++;</code>	Thread 2: <code>x--;</code>
1	read <code>x = 1</code>	
2	calculate <code>1 + 1 = 2</code>	
3	assign <code>x = 2</code>	
4		read <code>x = 2</code>
5		calculate <code>2 - 1 = 1</code>
6		assign <code>x = 1</code>
7		



Motivation

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3	assign <code>x = 2</code>	
4		read <code>x = 2</code>
5		calculate <code>2 - 1 = 1</code>
6		assign <code>x = 1</code>
7	final value <code>x = 1</code>	



Motivation

#	Thread 1: <code>x++</code> ;	Thread 2: <code>x--</code> ;
1		read <code>x = 1</code>
2		calculate <code>1 - 1 = 0</code>
3		assign <code>x = 0</code>
4	read <code>x = 0</code>	
5	calculate <code>0 + 1 = 1</code>	
6	assign <code>x = 1</code>	
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Motivation

#	Thread 1: <code>x++</code> ;	Thread 2: <code>x--</code> ;
1		read <code>x = 1</code>
2		calculate <code>1 - 1 = 0</code>
3		assign <code>x = 0</code>
4	read <code>x = 0</code>	
5	calculate <code>0 + 1 = 1</code>	
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5		assign <code>x = 0</code>
6	assign <code>x = 2</code>	
7	final value <code>x = 2</code>	



Problems

- Concurrent operations causes **inconsistent** results
- Data shared by threads not **thread safe** access
 - Value may be modified in between read and use
- Operators $x++$ and $x--$ are not **atomic** operations
 - Operations can be divided or interrupted



Thread Safety

- An object is **thread safe** if it maintains a valid or consistent state even when accessed concurrently
- Includes all constants and **immutable** objects
 - `String` or primitive types that are `final`
- Includes some **mutable** objects
 - `StringBuffer`, `java.util.concurrent.*`



Providing Consistency

- If **multithreading**...
 - If **sharing data** between threads...
 - If shared data not already **thread safe**...
 - must **synchronize** access to that data



Synchronization

- Using the **synchronized** keyword and intrinsic (or monitor) lock objects to protect blocks of code
- Using the **volatile** keyword to protect* variables
- Using **wait()** and **notifyAll()** to coordinate threads
- Using **conditional synchronization** via lock objects



Synchronization Issues

- Too little synchronization causes **inconsistent** results
 - Code no longer functional
- Too much synchronization causes **blocking**
 - Reverses speedup gained from multithreading
 - Can actually cause deadlock*





CHANGE THE WORLD FROM HERE